

PATIENT & CAREGIVER EDUCATION

A Guide to High Fiber Foods

This information explains what fiber is. It also lists foods high in fiber, the serving size, and the amount of fiber in a serving.

What is fiber and why is it healthy?

Fiber is an important part of your diet because it can help you:

- Have regular bowel movements (poop) and prevent constipation (having fewer bowel movements than usual).
- Lower your cholesterol (a waxy type of fat your body makes).
- Lower your risk for health issues. Some examples are diabetes, heart disease, and obesity (having a high, unhealthy amount of body fat).

Plant-based foods are the best sources of fiber. Fruits, vegetables, whole grains, cereals, legumes (such as kidney and black beans), nuts, and seeds give you the fiber you need.

How much fiber do I need in a day?

Before adding more fiber into your diet, talk with your healthcare provider about the amount that's right for you. Your fiber needs are based on your daily caloric need (number of calories your body needs in a day). Females usually need about 25 grams of fiber in a day. Males need about 35 grams of fiber in a day.

List of foods that are good sources of fiber

Use this chart to choose foods that are good sources of fiber. The top of the list has foods very high in fiber.

Amount of Fiber in a Serving	Food	Serving Size
7 or more grams	Avocado	1 medium
	Artichoke	1 medium
	Dried coconut, shredded	1 cup
	Dried figs	10
	Dried peaches	10
	Raspberries or blackberries, fresh	1 cup
	Green and yellow split peas, cooked	½ cup
	Almonds, whole	½ cup
	All Bran® Cereal	½ cup
	Kashi® GO LEAN® Crunch Cereal	¾ cup
	Fiber One® Cereal	½ cup
	Chickpeas (garbanzo beans)	⅔ cup
	Lentils, cooked	½ cup
	Mung beans, boiled	½ cup
	Black beans, cooked	½ cup
	Pistachios	½ cup
6 to 7 grams	Acorn squash, cooked	1 cup
	Pears or Asian pears (with skin)	1 cup
	Prunes	10
	Cooked kidney, pinto, black, northern, or navy beans	½ cup
	Raisin Bran® Cereal	1 cup

	Shredded wheat cereal	1 cup
	Wheat Chex [™] Cereal	¾ cup
4 to 5 grams	Apple (with skin)	1 medium
	Fresh cranberries	1 cup
	Currants	½ cup
	Mango	1 medium
	Raisins	⅔ cup
	Winter squash, cooked	½ cup
	Chia seeds	1 tablespoon
	Quaker® Corn Crunch Cereal	³⁄₄ cup
	Whole wheat pita bread	1 piece (8 inches)
4 grams	Edamame (soybeans)	½ cup
	Mixed vegetables, cooked from frozen	½ cup
	Flaxseed, ground	2 tablespoons
	Oatmeal, cooked	1 cup
	Quinoa, cooked	³⁄4 cup
	Walnuts, chopped	½ cup
3 to 4 grams	Beets, cooked	1 cup
	Blueberries	1 cup
	Brussels sprouts	1 cup
	Green beans	1 cup
	Pomegranate seeds	½ cup
	White or sweet potato	1 medium
3 grams	Okra	1 cup
	Orange	1 medium
	Parsnip	½ cup
	Strawberries	1 cup
	Bulgur	⅓ cup
	Pearled barley, cooked	½ cup

Whole wheat spaghetti	½ cup
Banana	1 medium
Broccoli or cauliflower, cooked	½ cup
Nectarine or peach	1 medium
Spinach or cabbage, cooked	²⁄₃ cup
Turnip	1 medium
Couscous, macaroni, or spaghetti (white), cooked	1 cup
Total® Cereal	³⁄4 cup
Wheaties® Cereal	³⁄4 cup
Wheat germ	½ cup
Whole grain bread	1 slice
Carrot, raw	1 medium
Corn	½ cup
Kiwi	1 medium
Zucchini, cooked or raw	½ cup
Brown or wild rice	1/4 cup

If you have questions or concerns, contact your healthcare provider. A member of your care team will answer Monday through Friday from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Outside those hours, you can leave a message or talk with another MSK provider. There is always a doctor or nurse on call. If you're not sure how to reach your healthcare provider, call 212-639-2000.

For more resources, visit www.mskcc.org/pe to search our virtual library.

A Guide to High Fiber Foods - Last updated on March 31, 2023 All rights owned and reserved by Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center