Patient &	Caregiver	Education
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## Spine Surgery Pathway

Surgery date:	
Expected discharge date:	

These are goals for your recovery. Your experience may not follow this pathway exactly. Your doctor or nurse will tell you what to expect.

	Before Surgery			
What should I do?	<ul> <li>Follow the instructions your care team gives you.</li> <li>Talk with your health care agent about your advance directives (such as your Health Care Proxy form).</li> <li>Start thinking about discharge planning. <ul> <li>Choose a caregiver to help you after you're discharged.</li> <li>Think about who will be there during your discharge teaching.</li> <li>Make sure someone can pick you up by 11:00 AM on your expected discharge date.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The night before surgery and morning of surgery:</li> <li>Clean your neck and whole back with Hibiclens<sup>®</sup>.</li> <li>Don't use any lotion, powder, oils, or deodorant.</li> </ul>		
What can I eat and drink?	• Follow a healthy diet.	<ul> <li>The night before surgery:</li> <li>Don't eat or drink anything after midnight. This includes water and gum.</li> </ul>		
What medications will I take?	<ul> <li>Stop taking over-the-counter nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) 7 days before surgery.</li> <li>Stop taking herbal and dietary supplements 7 days before surgery.</li> </ul>	Follow your doctor's instructions for when to stop taking anticoagulants (blood thinners), such as aspirin.		
What tests, procedures, and medical devices will I have?	<ul> <li>Presurgical testing (PST) appointment:</li> <li>Bring a list of all medications you take.</li> <li>Bring results from medical tests done outside of MSK (if you haven't already).</li> <li>Bring a copy of your Health Care Proxy form (if you have one).</li> </ul>			

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	Day of Surgery		
What should I do?	<ul> <li>The morning of surgery:</li> <li>Clean your neck and whole back with Hibiclens.</li> <li>Don't use any lotion, powder, oils, or deodorant.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>After surgery:</li> <li>Follow spinal precautions (no BLT) as instructed by your medical team.</li> <li>Move to your chair about 6 hours after your surgery. A staff member must help you.</li> </ul>	
What can I eat and drink?	Don't eat or drink anything. This includes water and gum.	<ul> <li>After surgery:</li> <li>At first, you will follow a clear liquid diet.</li> <li>You will slowly start eating solid foods, as tolerated.</li> </ul>	
What medications will I take?	<ul> <li>The morning of surgery, at home:</li> <li>Take only the medications you were told to take. Take them with a small sip of water.</li> <li>In the presurgical center:</li> <li>Your nurse will give you medications to help with pain after surgery.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>After surgery, you will get:</li> <li>Oral and IV pain medication. You will control your IV pain medication with a patient-controlled analgesia (PCA) button.</li> <li>Dexamethasone, if needed.</li> <li>IV antibiotics.</li> <li>Medications to help you have a bowel movement.</li> </ul>	
What tests, procedures, and medical devices will I have?	Placed before surgery: Intravenous (IV) line Compression boots Placed during surgery: Urinary (Foley®) catheter Surgical drain (Reliavac® or Jackson-Pratt® (JP))	<ul> <li>After surgery:</li> <li>Your nurse and patient care technician (PCT) will check your vital signs and do neurological exams often.</li> <li>If you're taking dexamethasone, your finger will be pricked before meals and at bedtime so your blood sugar levels can be checked. You will be given insulin, if</li> </ul>	

## While you're in the hospital:

- You will wear compression boots while you're in your bed or chair, unless there's a reason for you not to.
- Once your dressing is removed, a staff member will clean your surgical site with Hibiclens every day.

• Surgical drain (Reliavac® or Jackson-Pratt® (JP))

- Clean your hands with hand sanitizer wipes or soap and water often.
- Use your incentive spirometer 10 times every 1 to 2 hours you're awake.
- Sit in your chair to eat all of your meals.

## **Spinal Precautions**

needed.



No bending, lifting, or twisting (BLT).

Read your discharge activity instructions for more information about what to do after your specific surgery.

	1 Day After Surgery	2 Days After Surgery
What should I do?	<ul> <li>Follow spinal precautions (no BLT).</li> <li>Your bandage may be changed or removed.</li> <li>Talk to your care team about who will be present at discharge and who will take you home.</li> <li>A physical and occupational therapist (PT and OT) will visit you in your room. They will see how you're doing and make an exercise plan for you.</li> <li>Be out of bed as much as you can. A staff member must help you move to your chair.</li> <li>Walk around the unit 3 times today. A staff member must help you.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Follow spinal precautions (no BLT).</li> <li>Be out of bed for longer than you were yesterday.</li> <li>Walk around the unit 5 times today. A staff member must help you.</li> <li>Tell your care team the name of the pharmacy you want your prescriptions sent to.</li> </ul>
What can I eat and drink?	<ul> <li>You will start your regular diet or a special diet (if needed).</li> </ul>	Keep following your regular diet or a special diet (if needed).
What medications will I take?	<ul> <li>Oral pain medications. You will slowly stop taking IV pain medications.</li> <li>Medications to help you have a bowel movement.</li> <li>Blood thinner injection (shot).</li> <li>Dexamethasone, if needed.</li> <li>Insulin, if needed.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Oral pain medications.</li> <li>Medications to help you have a bowel movement.</li> <li>Blood thinner injection.</li> <li>Dexamethasone, if needed. You will start to slowly stop taking (taper) this medication today.</li> <li>Insulin, if needed.</li> </ul>
What tests, procedures, and medical devices will I have?	<ul> <li>Your Foley catheter will be removed once you can sit in your chair.</li> <li>You will have spine x-rays, if needed.</li> <li>Your nurse and PCT will check your vital signs and do neurological exams often.</li> <li>If you're taking dexamethasone, your finger will be pricked before meals and at bedtime so your blood sugar levels can be checked.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>If you're having radiation therapy after your surgery, you will have a myelogram and simulation today or tomorrow.</li> <li>If you're taking dexamethasone, your finger will be pricked before meals and at bedtime so your blood sugar levels can be checked.</li> </ul>

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## **Spinal Precautions**



No bending, lifting, or twisting (BLT).

Read your discharge activity instructions for more information about what to do after your specific surgery.

	3 Days After Surgery Until Discharge	After Discharge		
What should I do?	<ul> <li>Follow spinal precautions (no BLT).</li> <li>Finish planning your discharge. Your care team will help you.</li> <li>Make sure your caregiver is with you for your discharge teaching.</li> <li>Your nurse will go over your discharge medications.</li> <li>If you need to take insulin at home, you and your caregiver will be taught how to give you an insulin injection.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Follow spinal precautions (no BLT).</li> <li>Don't shower for the first 4 days after your surgery. Follow your care team's instructions for cleaning your incision with Hibiclens.</li> <li>5 days after your surgery, shower every day until your staples or sutures are removed. When you shower, let the water run over your incision. Use Hibiclens and a clean washcloth to gently clean your incision. Rinse off and use a clean towel to pat your incision dry. Keep your incision uncovered.</li> <li>Don't submerge your incision underwater (such as in a bathtub, pool, ocean, or hot tub) for at least 2 months after your surgery.</li> <li>Don't use a heating pad (either electric or microwavable) near your incision until your care team tells you it's okay.</li> <li>Don't drive until your care team tells you it's okay.</li> </ul>		
What can I eat and drink?	<ul> <li>Keep following your regular diet or a special diet (if needed).</li> </ul>	Keep following your regular diet or a special diet (if needed).		
What medications will I take?	<ul> <li>Oral pain medications</li> <li>Medications to help you have a bowel movement.</li> <li>Blood thinner injection.</li> <li>Dexamethasone, if needed.</li> <li>Insulin, if needed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Follow the medication list you got at discharge.</li> <li>Follow the dexamethasone medication calendar you got at discharge. It will guide you on how to slowly stop taking this medication.</li> </ul>		
What tests, procedures, and medical devices will I have?	<ul> <li>If you're having radiation therapy after your surgery and didn't have a myelogram and simulation yesterday, you will have them today.</li> <li>If you're taking dexamethasone, your finger will be pricked before meals and at bedtime so your blood sugar levels can be checked.</li> <li>If you have a drain, it will be removed before you're discharged.</li> </ul>	Your first appointment after surgery will be 3 to 4 weeks after your surgery.		